

#### The Effects of Chain Rigidity of Hyper Branched Polymer based Dispersion Agents for Carbon Black Dispersion Systems

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&

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## PRODUCT RANGE



AF A

Defoamers and Air Release Agents





Silicone Resins



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# DISPERSING AGENTS



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- Gray/Green Chemistry
- Strategies in Green Conversion





#### • Gray/Green Chemistry

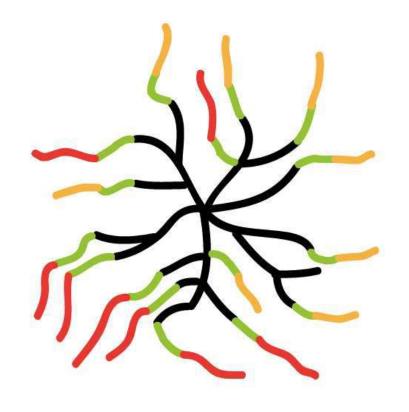








- Gray/Green Chemistry
- Strategies in Green Conversion
- Hyper-branched Polymers

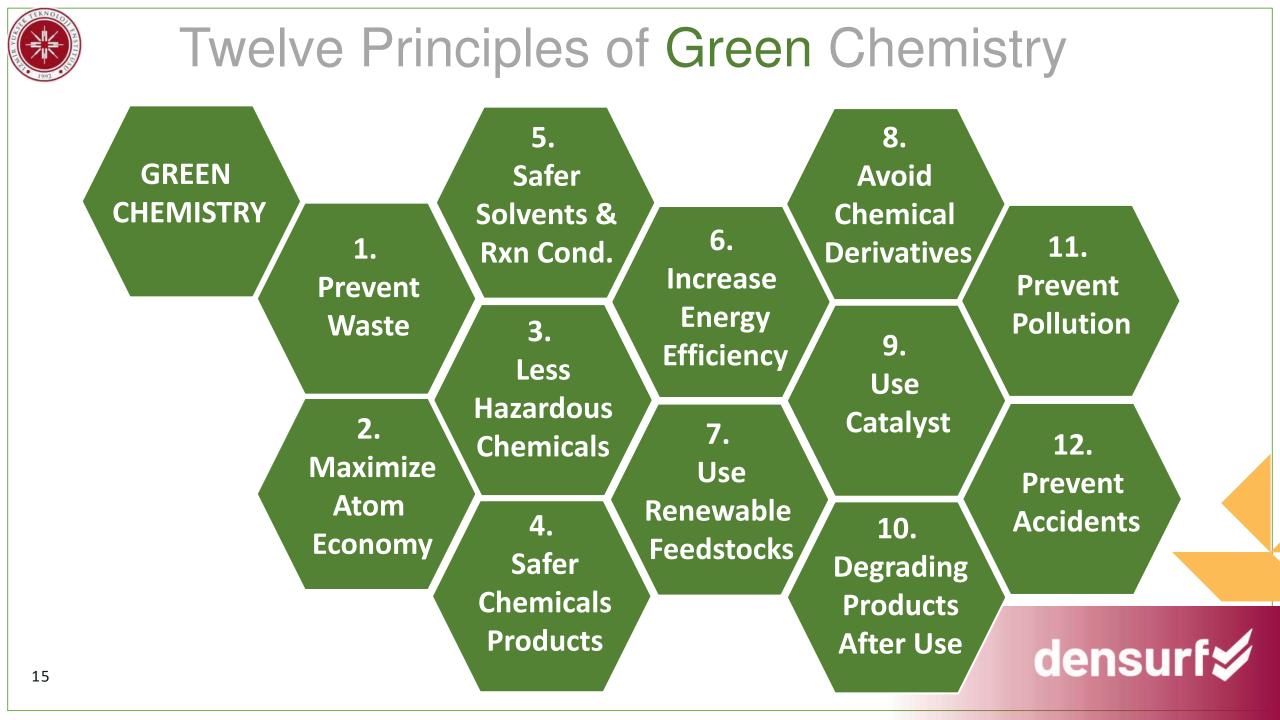






- Gray/Green Chemistry
- Strategies in Green Conversion
- Hyper-branched Polymers
- Synthetic details of Hyper-branched Polymers based dispersion agents
  - o Green catalyst for Polyesters
  - Natural Feedstocks of Polyesters
- Near Future Projections
- Road Map for 100% Green Product
- Conclusive Remarks

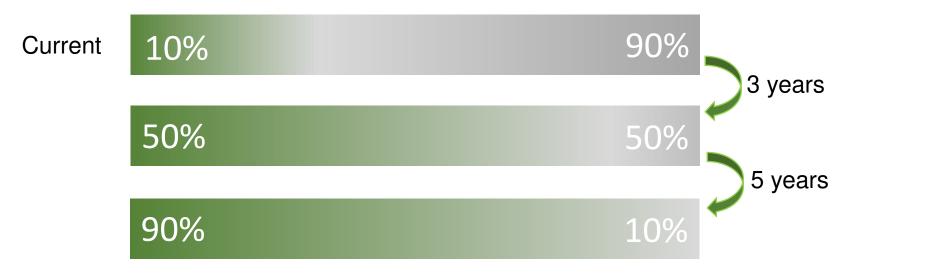






Green Chemistry: Conducting chemical reactions and processes via natural products without hazardous solvents and by products at room temperature

Gray Chemistry is the current practice in which oil based reactants and solvents are involved for production.



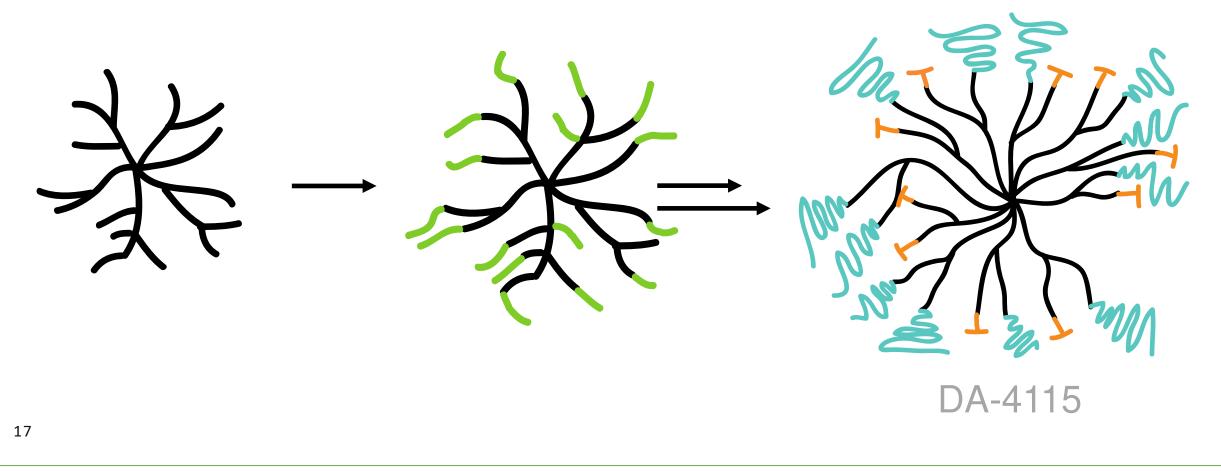
Green Transformation Plan: Starting point is 10% with current settings, in 36 months our commitment is 50% and following in 24 months 90% green transformation is projected





90%





### Hyper-Branched Polymer based Dispersion Agent

Detailed discussion of hyper-branched polymer based dispersion agent were presented in ....

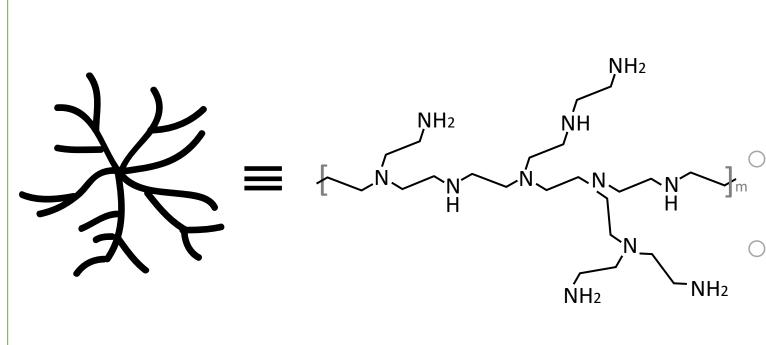
As highlighted polyester as well as viscosity modifying units are necessary.

Macromol. Symp. 187, 683–693 (2002) 683 Hyperbranched Polymers as a Novel Class of Pigment Dispersants F.O.H. Pirrung, E.M. Loen and A. Noordam\* EFKA Additives B.V., Innovatielaan 11, 8466 SN Nijehaske, The Netherlands

### **PEI-Core**

Hyper-Branched Polymer based Dispersion Agent

10%



• Core of the dispersion agent is hyper-branched Polyethyleneimine of Mw: 2000 g/mol. It is a ring opening of product of Aziridine. PEI<sub>2000</sub> is colorless, liquid reactant containing 60% reactive amine.

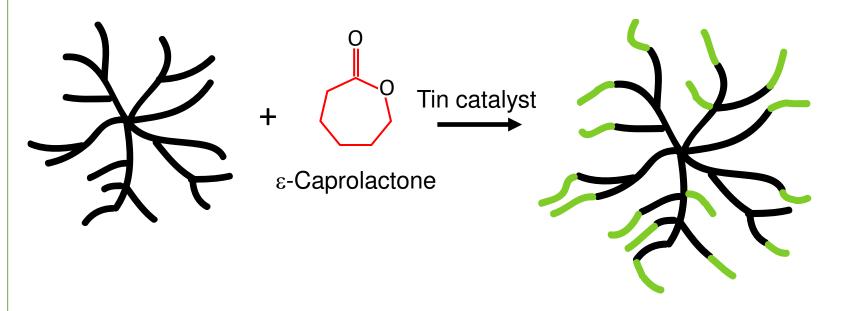
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90%

PEI hyper branched polymers is 7.5 % of the end product

### Is Green Functionalization Possible ?

Hyper-Branched PEI with Polyester arms



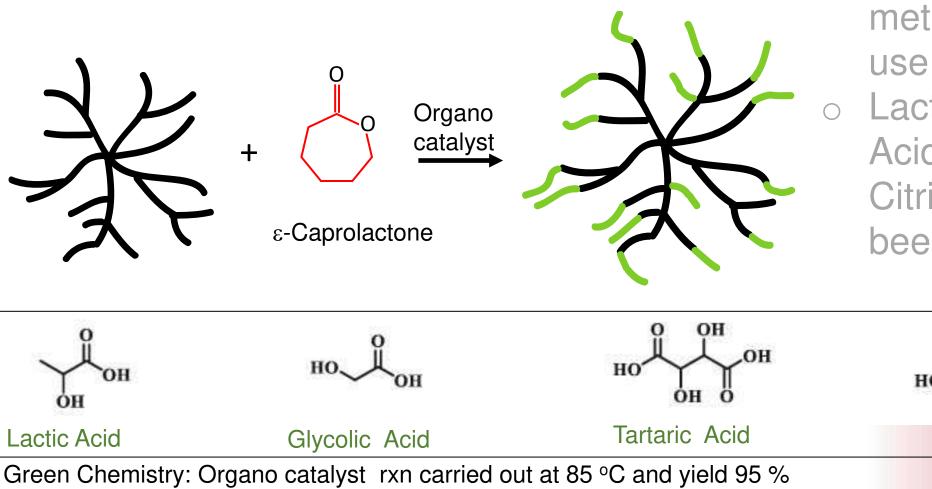
Reactive amines used as initiator of ring opening reaction of cyclic ester monomers Conventional method suggest of "Tin" use catalyst.

Green Chemistry: Conventional rxn carried out at 110-130 °C and yield 98 %



### Is Green Functionalization Possible ?

Hyper-Branched PEI with Polyester arms



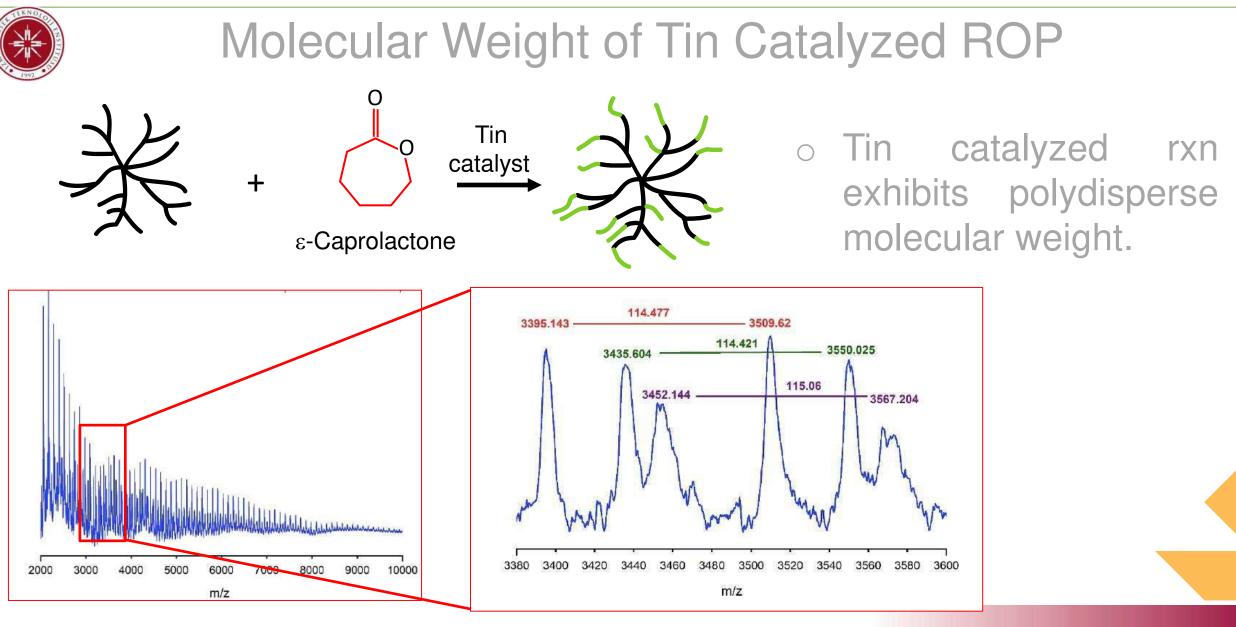
Instead conventional method we suggest use of acid catalyst. Lactic Acid, Glycolic Acid, Tartaric Acid, Citric Acid have been employed

Citric Acid

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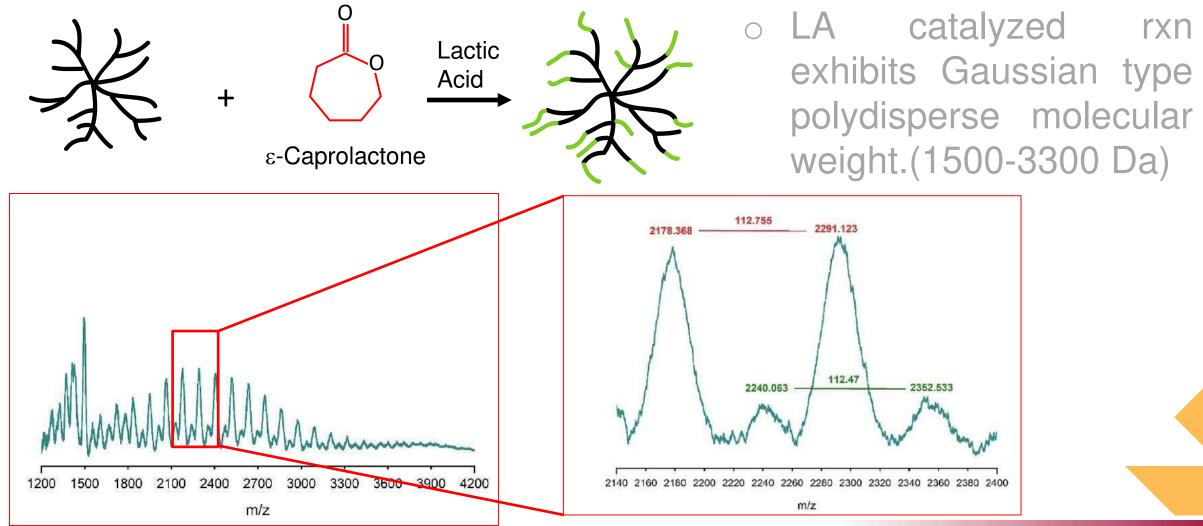


Mass spectrum of PEI-PCL (Tin Catalyzed Rxn.)





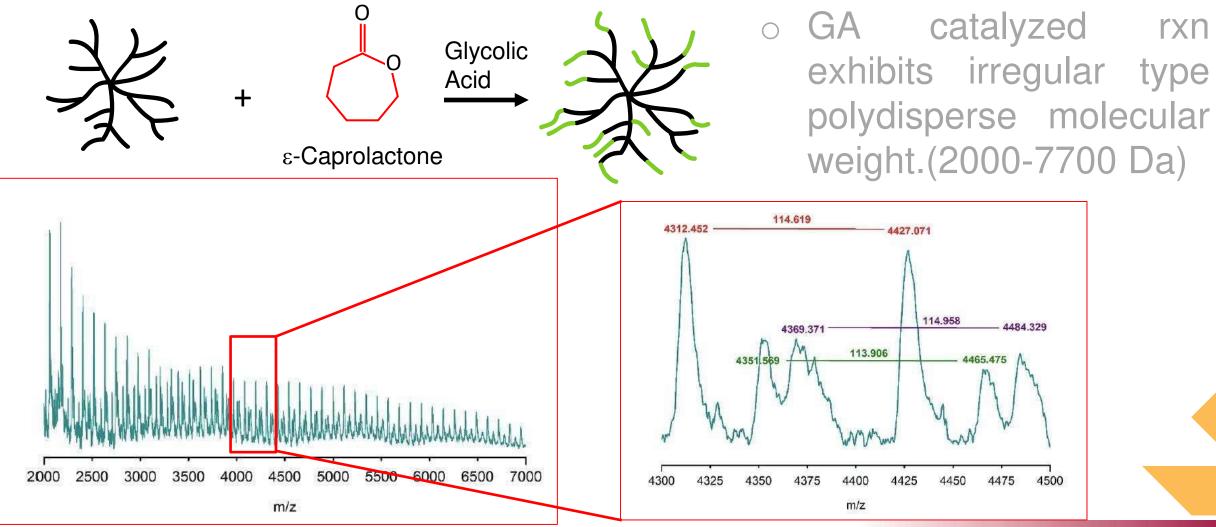
#### Molecular Weight of LA. Catalyzed ROP



Mass spectrum of PEI-PCL (Lactic Acid Catalyzed Rxn.)



#### Molecular Weight of GA. Catalyzed ROP

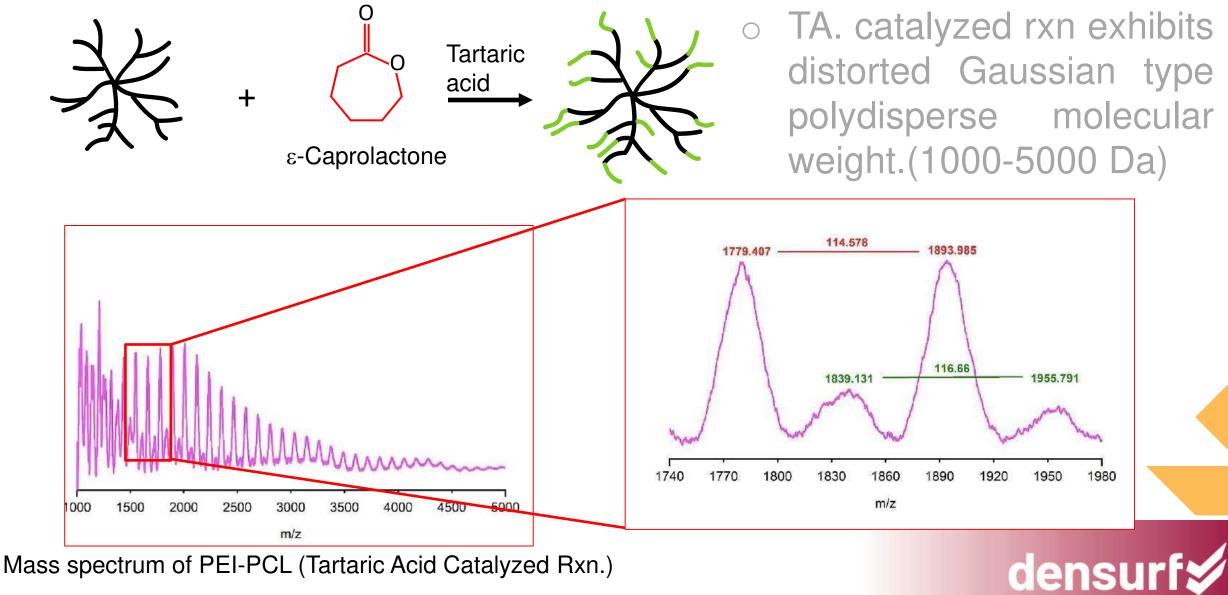


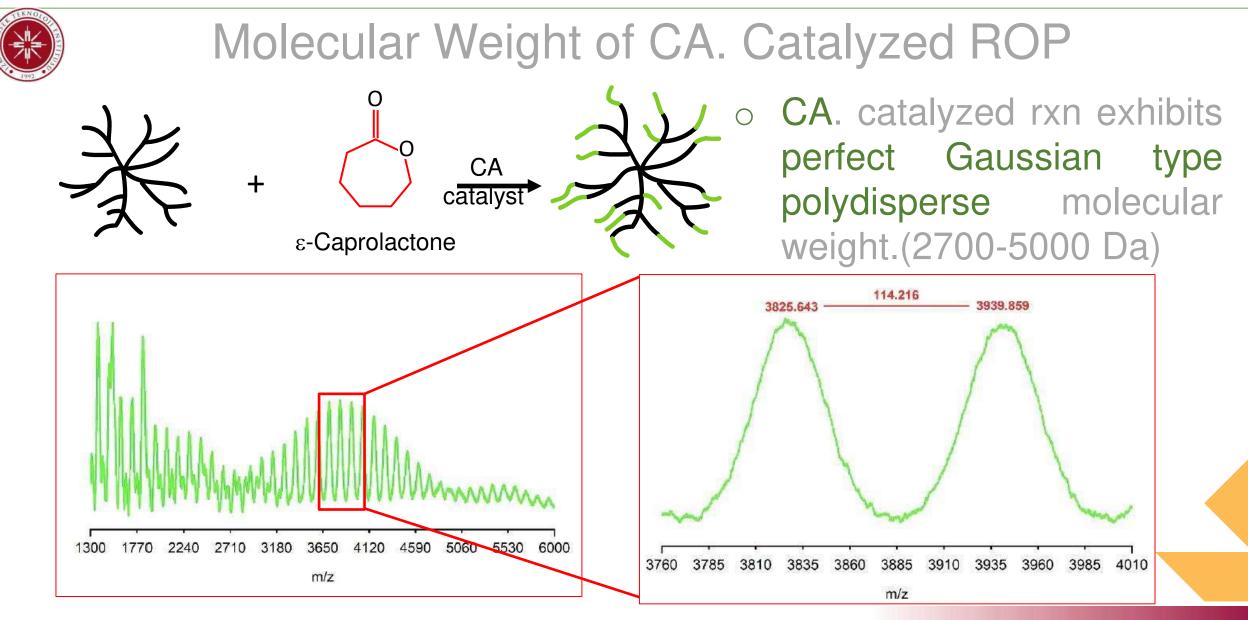
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Mass spectrum of PEI-PCL (Glycolic acid Catalyzed Rxn.)



#### Molecular Weight of TA. Catalyzed ROP





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Mass spectrum of PEI-PCL (Citric Acid Catalyzed Rxn.)



### Tin vs. Acid Catalyzed ROP Gray to Green Conversion Organo catalyst ε-Caprolactone 89.5% 10.5% 85.0% 15.0%

• By employing organic acid 0.5 % Gray-Green conversion provided. NOT **ENOUGH...** Looking from birght side: Reaction temperature reduced from 110 to 85 °C that generate energy saving up to 10 %.

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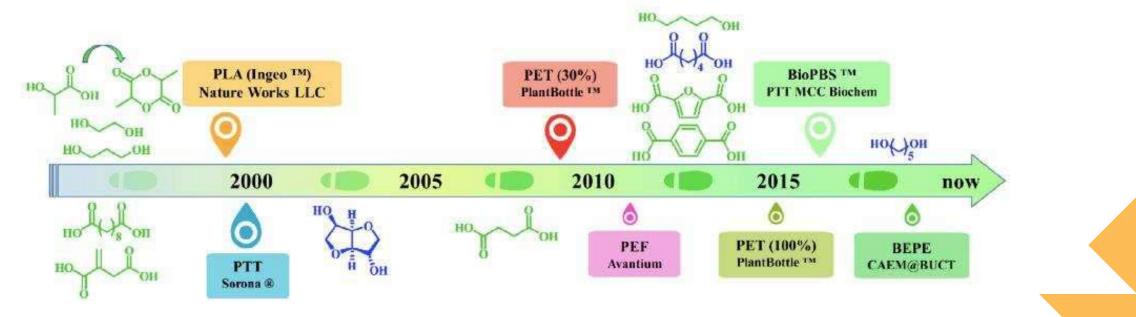
Green Chemistry: Organo catalyst rxn carried out at 85 °C and yield 95 %





#### Ring Opening Polymerization with Natural Cyclic Esters

 Linear, cyclic, aromatic natural esters have been heavily employed over the years

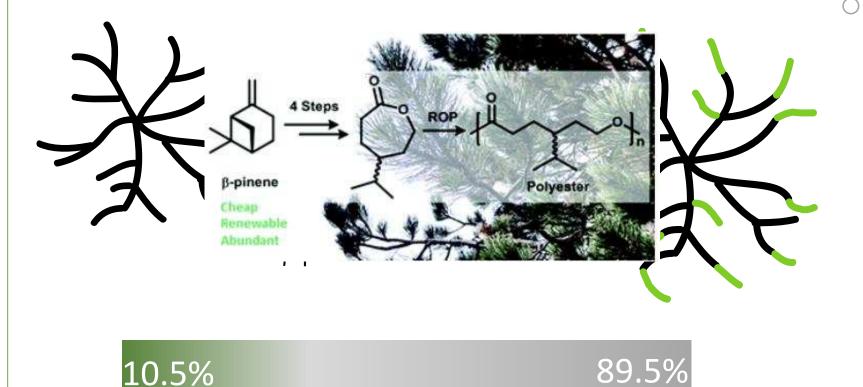


Green Chemistry: Natrual esters can improve Gray-Green up to 30%





#### Ring Opening Polymerization with Natural Cyclic Esters Conversion



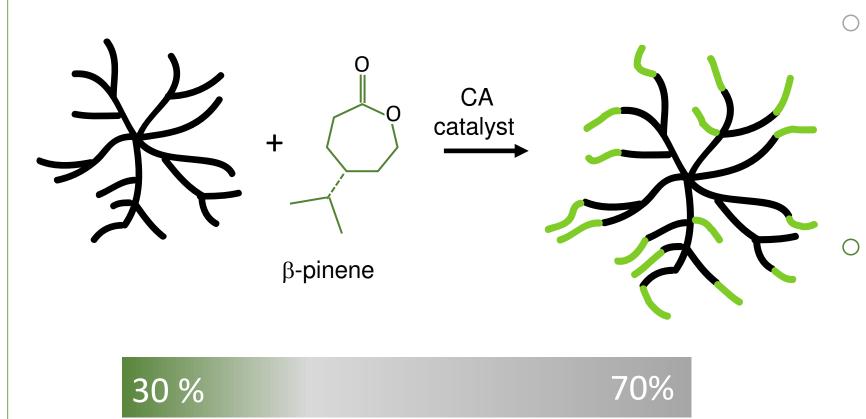
 Natural cylic ester have been used by Quilter et al. Zinc catalyzed conversion were suggested to provide 90-95 % polymerization.

Helena Quilter et al., Polym. Chem., 2017,8, 833-837 (DOI: https://doi.org/10.1039/C6PY02033J)





#### Ring Opening Polymerization with Natural Cyclic Esters Conversion



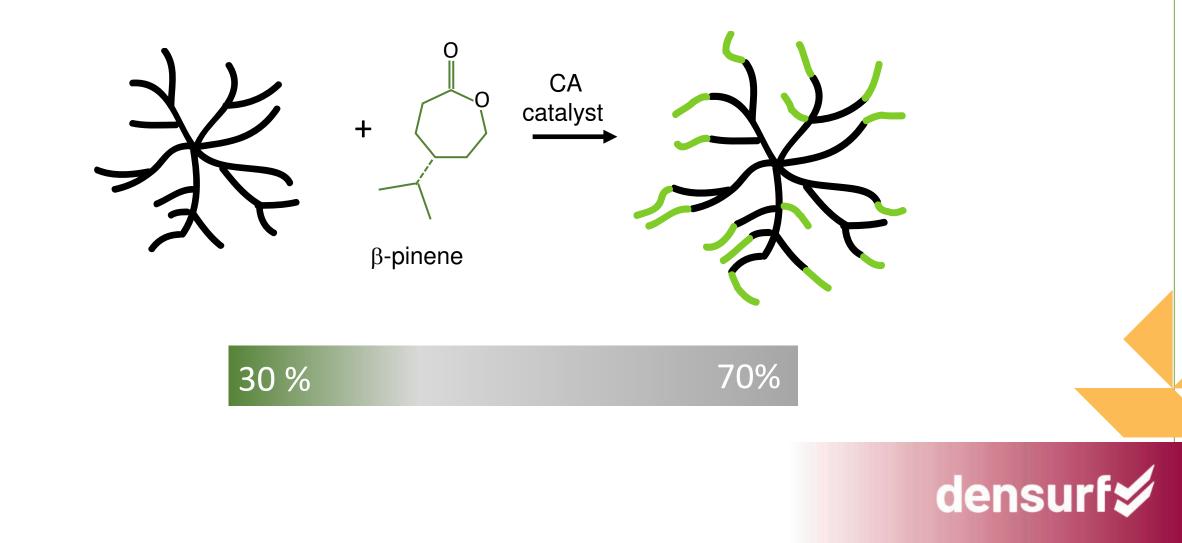
 β-pinene cyclic ester have been replaced with ε caprolactone to and similar protocol have been utilized.
 Polymerization yield is 85%...

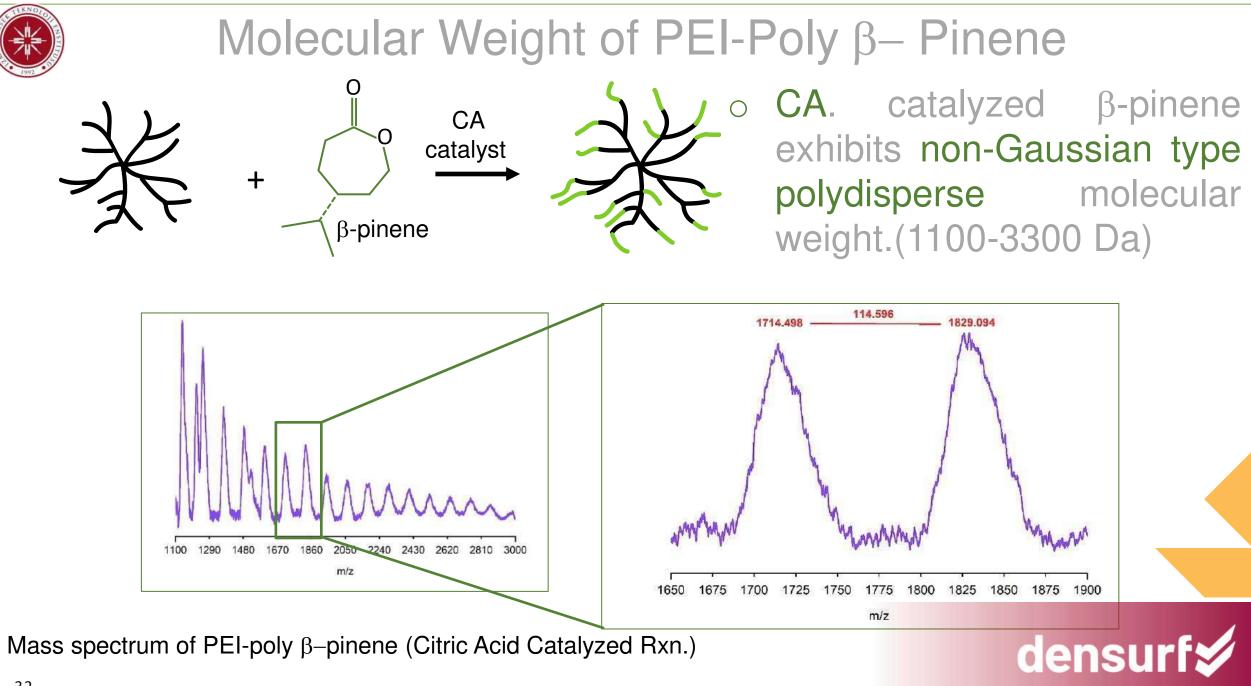
Helena Quilter et al., Polym. Chem., 2017,8, 833-837 (DOI: https://doi.org/10.1039/C6PY02033J)





#### Ring Opening Polymerization with Natural Cyclic Esters Conversion







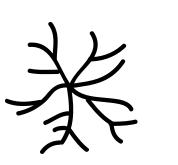
#### Hydrodynamic Radii of PEI-Poly β– Pinene CA. catalyzed $\beta$ -pinene Ο CA exhibits multi modal delay catalyst +profile in DLS showing β-pinene variation in size of particles. В Α Time (µs) Time (µs) 10<sup>3</sup> 10<sup>4</sup> 10<sup>6</sup> 10<sup>6</sup> 10<sup>7</sup> 10<sup>3</sup> 10<sup>4</sup> 10<sup>5</sup> 10<sup>6</sup> 10<sup>7</sup> 10<sup>2</sup> PEI-Polyβpinene-CA 1,0 1,0 **PEI-PCL-CA** Correlation Coefficient (a.u.) Correlation coefficient (a.u.) Normalized Intensity Normalized Intensity 0,8 0,8 0,8 0,8 $\sim 10 \text{ nm}$ $\sim$ 4 nm 0,6 0,6 0,6 0,6 0,4 0,4 0,4-0,4 0,2 0,2 0,2 0,2 0,0 0.0 0.0 0,0 10<sup>3</sup> 10<sup>4</sup> 10<sup>5</sup> 10<sup>6</sup> 10<sup>7</sup> 10<sup>5</sup> 10<sup>6</sup> 10<sup>7</sup> 10-1 10° 10<sup>2</sup> 10<sup>1</sup> 10-1 10° 10<sup>4</sup> 10<sup>2</sup> 10<sup>3</sup> 10<sup>1</sup> Size (d. nm) Size (d. nm)

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Multi Angular Dynamic Light Scattering of PEI-poly  $\beta$ -pinene (Citric Acid Catalyzed Rxn.)

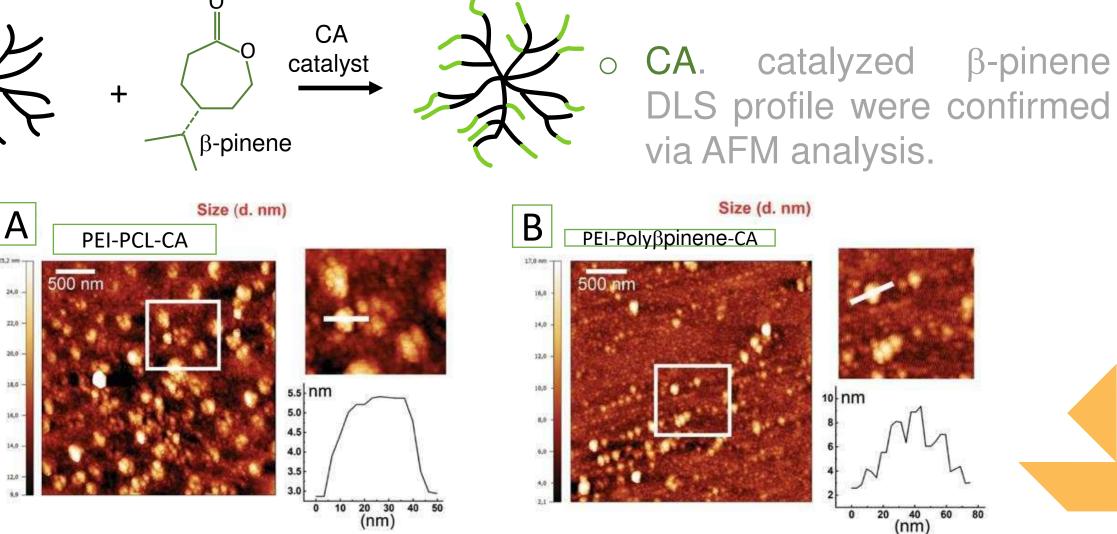


#### Particle Shape of PEI-Poly $\beta$ – Pinene



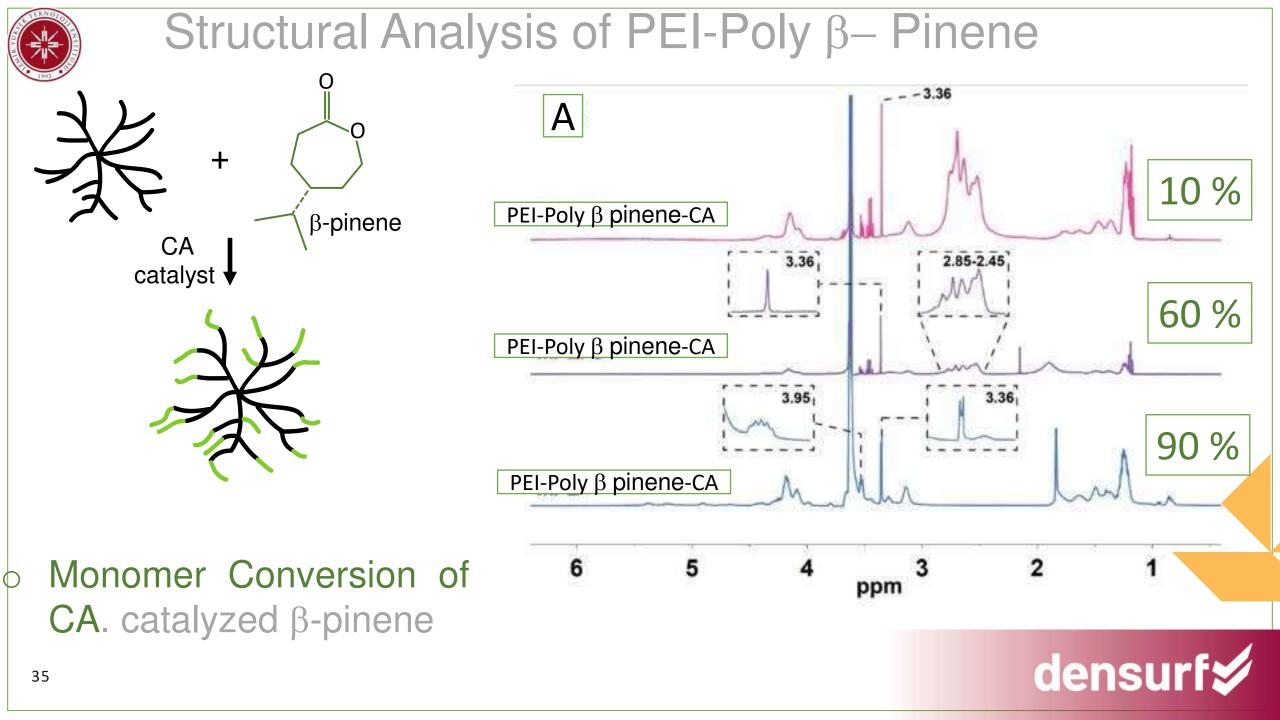
24,0

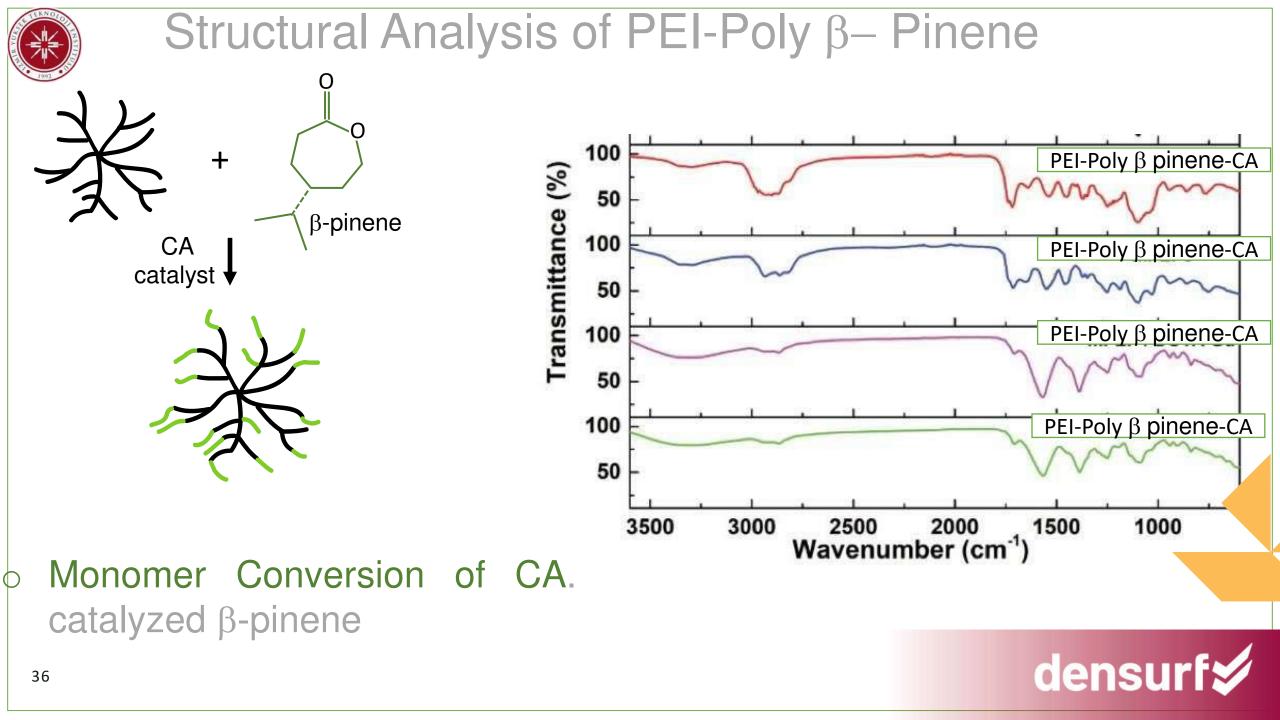
12.0



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Atomic Force Microscopy analysis of PEI-poly  $\beta$ -pinene (Citric Acid Catalyzed Rxn.)







### Scattering Intensity Profile of Sol&Gel



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Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn., 75, 641-659 (2002) 641

Accounts

#### **Gel Formation Analyses by Dynamic Light Scattering**

#### Mitsuhiro Shibayama\* and Tomohisa Norisuye<sup>†</sup>

Neutron Scattering Laboratory, Institute for Solid State Physics, The University of Tokyo, Tokai, Ibaraki 319-1106

Department of Polymer Science and Engineering, Kyoto Institute of Technology, Matsugasaki, Sakyo-ku, Kyoto 606-8585

(Received August 14, 2001)

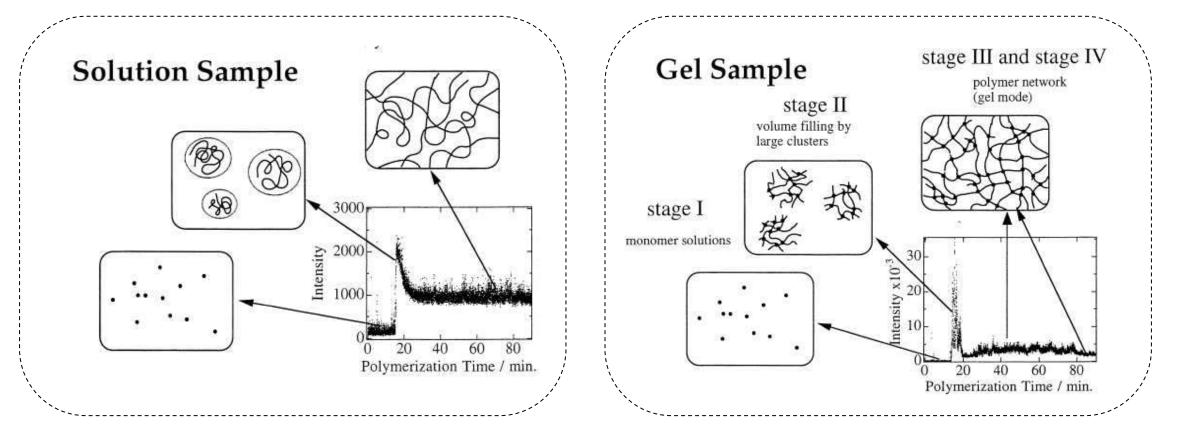
A novel methodology for non-destructive and real-time determination of the gelation threshold for both chemical and physical systems has been proposed. This method i.e., a *time-resolved dynamic light scattering* (TRDLS) measurement, allows one not only to determine the gelation threshold but also to investigate critical dynamics near gelation threshold, mechanism of gelation, and architecture of gelling cluster. The gelation threshold was found to be characterized by (1) the appearance of a speckle pattern in the scattering intensity, (2) a power-law in the intensity-time correlation function (ICF), (3) a specific broadening of the distribution function, and (4) a noticeable suppression of the initial amplitude of ICF. All of these features originate from some unique aspects of gels: *nonergodicity, frozen inhomogeneities*, and *divergence of connectivity correlation*. As an application of these concepts, we propose four methods for determination of gelation threshold and examine their validity and usefulness for various types of gels; these include chemical gels of *N*-isopropylacrylamide, a gelling system of silica gel in a reaction batch, thermoreversible physical gels of poly(vinyl alcohol)-Congo Red complex, and biological gels of gelatin and globular protein.



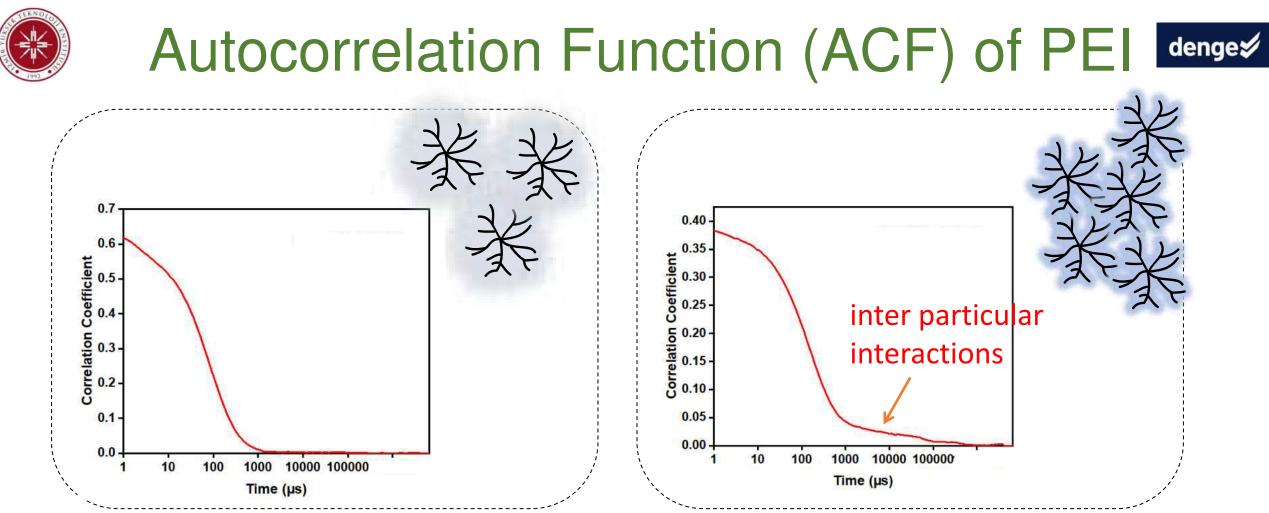
### Scattering Intensity Profile of Sol&Gel

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Scattering intensity profile of Gels are typically low due to multiscattering loss. Polymer, 39, 2769–2775 (1998). Copyright 1998 Elsevier Science

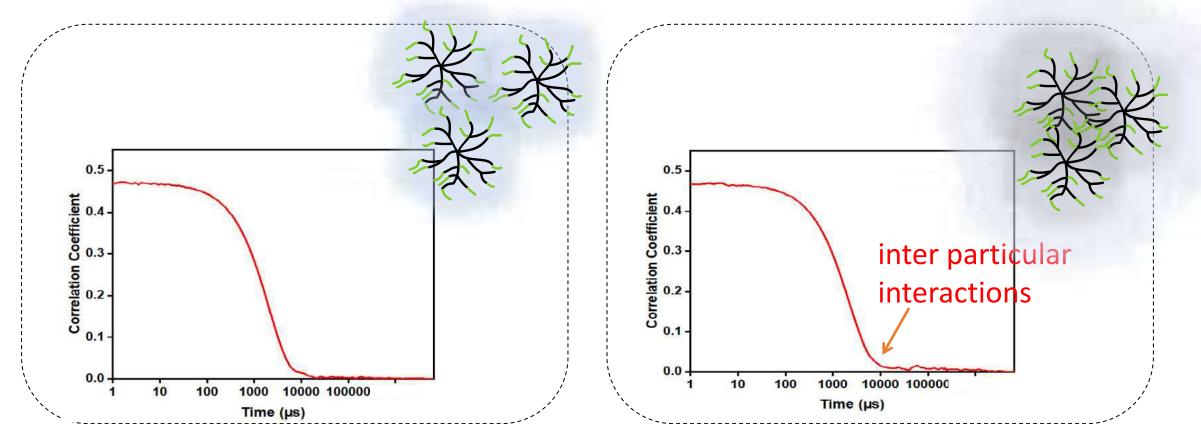


 $\tau$ = relaxation time of PEI was determined as 23  $\mu$ s in dilute conditions  $\tau$ = relaxation time of PEI was determined as 67  $\mu$ s in concentrated conditions

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### ACF of PEI-PCL

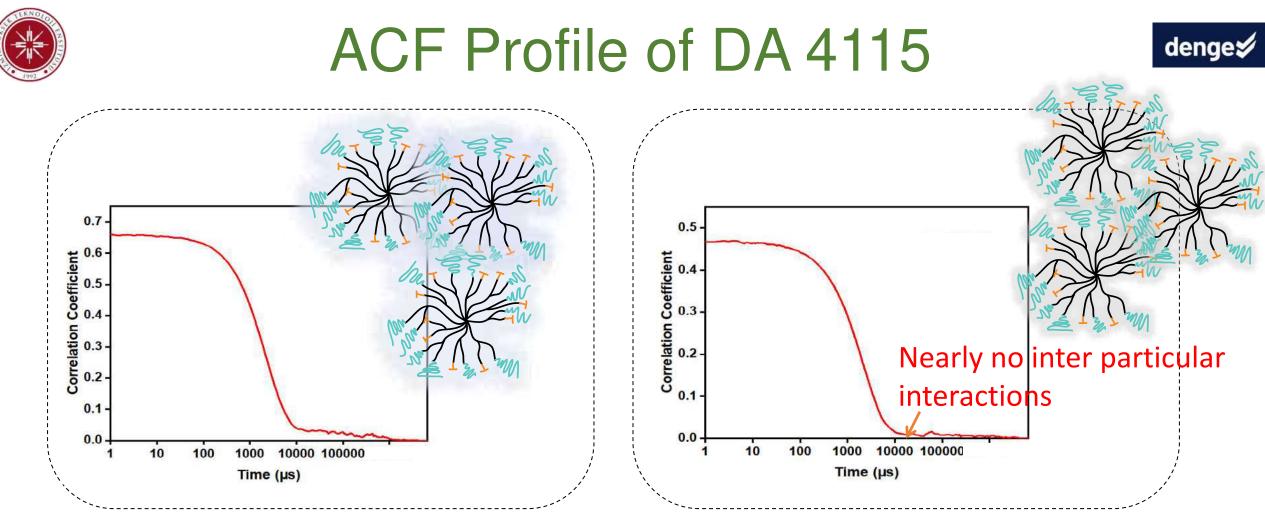


 $\tau$ = relaxation time of PEI-PCL was determined as 200  $\mu$ s in dilute conditions  $\tau$ = relaxation time of PEI-PCL was determined as 450  $\mu$ s in concentrated

conditions



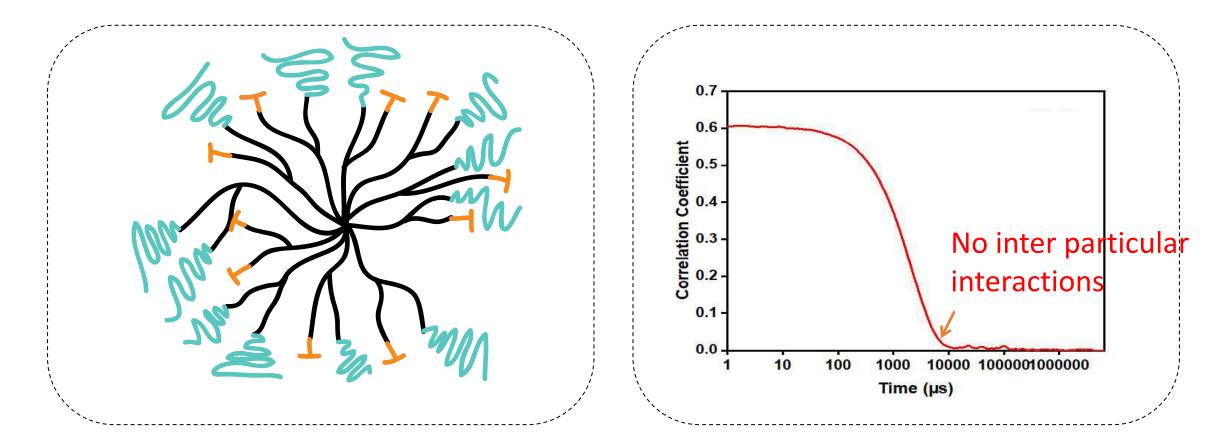
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 $\tau$ = relaxation time of DA-4115 was determined as 350  $\mu$ s in dilute conditions  $\tau$ = relaxation time DA-4115 was determined as 300  $\mu$ s in concentrated conditions

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### Scattering Intensity Profile of Sol&Gel



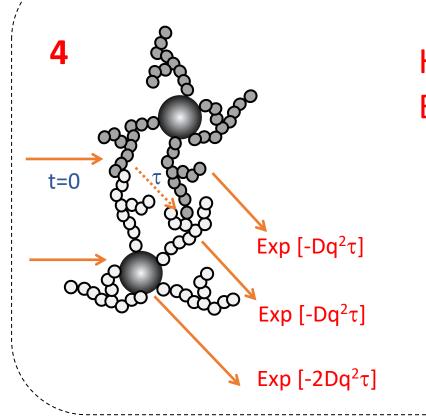
 $\tau$ = DA-4115 was determined as 450  $\mu$ s in concentrated conditions





#### **Scattering Profile**





Homodyne Exp  $[-2Dq^2\tau]$  Exp  $[-Dq^2\tau]$ 

Heterodyne

Homodyne and heterodyne Scattering reveals inter particular interactions !!!

Homodyne::  $g^2(\tau) - 1 = Exp \left[-2Dq^2\tau\right]$ 

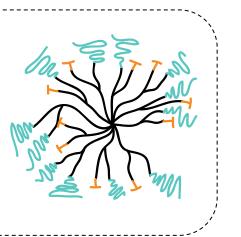
Partial Heterodyne::  $g^2(\tau) - 1 = X^2 \exp[-2Dq^2\tau] + 2X(1-X) \exp[-Dq^2\tau]$ 



### Conclusions

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1 Synthesis of hyperbranched polymer based dispersion agent (DA-4115)



Betermination of Chain Rigidity via DLS: Scatering Vector "q" Low q qR~2π Medium q High q

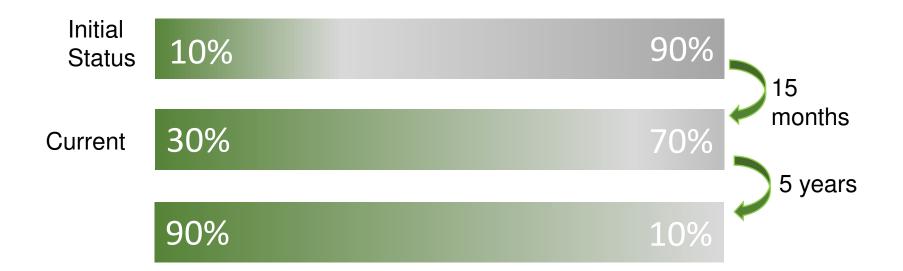
2 Colloidal properties of **Dispersion Agents** Homodyne and polymer chair crosslink heterodyne Scattering homodyne exp[-2 $Dq^2\tau$ ]

heterodyne  $exp[-Da^2\tau]$ 





Green Chemistry: Conducting chemical reactions and processes via natural products without hazardous solvents and by products at room temperature



Green Transformation Plan: Starting point is 20% with current settings, in 24 months our commitment is 50% and following in 24 months 90% green transformation is projected





 Tin catalysis is required for PEI-PCL hyperbranched DA. but organo-catalyst replacement (in particular Citric Acid) can even increase polymerization yield up to 90 %,

 $\circ$  β-pinene cyclic ester have been replaced with  $\epsilon$  caprolactone. Polymerization yield is 85%...





- Mass spectrum analysis confirmed that CA.
  catalyzed polymerization has perfect
  Gaussian type of molecular weight distribution.
- Dynamic Light Scattering analysis revealed that CA. catalyzed PEI-PCL has monomodal delay profile

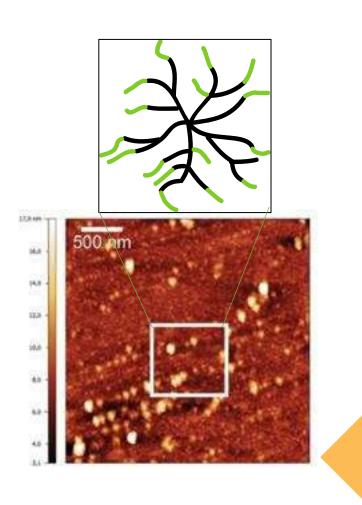






- $\circ$  AFM analysis confirmed that CA catalyzed PEI-Poly  $\beta$  Pinene has 70-80 nm in size.
- Hyper-branched polymer based dispersion agents are readily synthesized by using green components.
- Total conversion could be increase up to 30 %





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# THANKS YOU FOR ATTENDANCE



